

Annual EPBC Approval 2012/6548 Ornamental Snake Audit Train Load Out Facility – Moura Final Report

Baralaba Coal Company Pty Ltd

December 2022



Revision History

Revision No.	Revision Date	Details	Prepared by
01	15/12/2022	Draft Report Annual	В.Торр
		Audit Train Load Out	
		Facility, Moura 2022	

Executive Summary

An audit was undertaken of the Baralaba Mine Train Load Out (TLO) at Moura to assess the facility for compliance with the:

- Approval 2012/6548 issued for a controlled action under the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999*; and
- Ornamental Snake Mitigation and Management Plan prepared by Ecosm. (2014).

A key component of the site audit was to assess if the site management successfully avoided, mitigated and managed impacts on the Ornamental Snake (*Denisonia maculate*) as stipulated by the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999* approval issued for a controlled action.

A site visit was undertaken on 13 December 2022 to assess remaining habitat as well as current mitigation measures, including fauna passages, signage and exclusion fencing.

Glossary, Acronyms and Abbreviations

DotE Australian Government – Department of the Environment

EPBC Act Environment Protection & Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999

OSMMP Ornamental Snake Mitigation and Management Plan, Baralaba Train Load Out

Facility

RE Regional ecosystem

TLO Train Load Out

TLO SMP Baralaba Mine TLO Facility and Haul Route Species Management Program

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1.0 Introduction

Baralaba Coal Company (BCC) undertook an audit of the Moura Train Load Out Facility (TLO) which assessed compliance with environmental approval documents, including:

- Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999 (EPBC Act) approval 2012/6548; and
- Ornamental Snake Mitigation and Management Plan (OSMMP) (Ecosm 2014).

1.1 Site Location

The TLO is situated approximately 4.5 km east of Moura in Central Queensland, on Lot 1 SP 252890. The site location is shown on the map in Appendix 1.

1.2 EPBC Act 2012/6548 Approval

The approval requires a management plan that is designed to avoid, mitigate and manage impacts to the Ornamental Snake (*Denisonia maculate*) and its habitat. BCC must undertake any approved actions in accordance with the OSMMP (Ecosm, 2014).

1.3 Ornamental Snake Mitigation and Management Plan

The OSMMP was developed when the proposed project was identified as having the potential to impact matters of national environmental significance (MNES). This Plan was developed to:

- Manage impacts to Ornamental Snake habitat at the TLO site during construction and operation; and
- Enhance and protect existing Ornamental Snake habitat onsite for the life of the TLO facility (Ecosm, 2014).

2.0 Methods

2.1 Desktop Assessment

The following sources of information were reviewed as part of the comprehensive desktop assessment:

- Queensland Government Biomaps:
 - Terrestrial biodiversity and aquatic conservation values reports and maps;
 - Regional ecosystem reports;

- Vegetation management reports;
- Wildnet conservation significant species report;
- Wildnet species list;
- o Modelled potential habitat report; and
- o Matters of State Environmental Significance (MSES) reports.
- Australian Government:
 - Protected Matters Search Tool (PMST) Matters of National Environmental Significance.
- Atlas of Living Australia (Atlas of Living Australia 2022) database for locations of conservation significant fauna and flora species
- Any other available ecological and development studies for the area
- Internal auditing

2.2 Site Assessment

2.2.1 Ornamental Snake Habitat

During a site visit on 13 December 2022, five (O1-5) pre-determined patches of brigalow habitat were assessed as potential Ornamental Snake habitat (Appendix 1).

2.2.2 Mitigation Structures

Mitigation structures were inspected during the annual site inspection. These structures included snake exclusion fencing, fauna passages, habitat refuge areas and signage (see Figures 1-2).



Figure 1: Snake Exclusion Fencing



Figure 2: Snake passage

3.0 Results

3.1 Compliance Requirements

The project area is designated as Lot 1 SP 252890 and does not include any other site. Table 1 provides a list of identified compliance requirements as required by the EPBC Act Approval (EPBC 2012/6548). While Table 2 addresses compliance requirements of the Ornamental Snake Mitigation & Management Plan (OSMMP) for the Baralaba Train Load Out Facility (2014).

3.1.1 EPBC Act Approval (EPBC 2012/6548)

Table 1: Listed compliance requirements - EPBC2012/6548

Requirement	Management Actioned	Comments
Condition 2: To avoid, mitigate and manage impacts to the Ornamental Snake (Denisonia maculata) and its habitat, the approval holder must undertake the approved action in accordance with the Ornamental Snake Mitigation and Management Plan Baralaba Train Load Out Facility (August 2014)	Y	Requirements of TLO SMP are included in this report. Sections of the exclusion fencing require maintenance. This work is due to begin on 16 December 2022. A BioCondition assessment was undertaken in March 2022. The 2022 Ornamental Snake monitoring report was finalised. Mitigation and management measures required under the Ornamental Snake Mitigation and Management Plan Baralaba Train Load Out Facility (August 2014) have continued to be implemented throughout 2022.
Condition 3: Within 30 calendar days after the commencement of the action, the approval holder must advise the Department in writing of the actual date of commencement.	Y	Notification has been provided to DotE in 2014.
Condition 4: The approval holder must maintain accurate records substantiating all activities associated with or relevant to the conditions of approval, including measures taken to implement the management plan referenced in condition 2 of this approval, and make them available upon request to	Y	A fauna register is maintained and updated as needed.

Requirement	Management Actioned	Comments
the Department. Such records may be subject to audit by the Department		The TLO monthly inspection includes the
or an independent auditor in accordance with section 458 of the EPBC Act,		Ornamental Snake Mitigation and
or used to verify compliance with the conditions of approval. Summaries of		Management measures.
audits will be posted on the Department's website. The results or audits		
may also be publicised through the general media.		Monitoring and inspection records are saved
		on the Baralaba SharePoint.
Condition 5:	Υ	The Baralaba Coal Company Train Load Out
Within three months of every 12 month anniversary of the		Annual Compliance Reports (2015-2021) can
commencement of the action, the approval holder must publish a report		be located here:
on their website for the life of the approval addressing compliance with		https://www.baralabacoal.com.au/reports/
each of the conditions of this approval, including implementation of the		
management plan specified condition 2. Documentary evidence providing		
proof of the date of publication and non-compliance with any of the		
conditions of the approval must be provided to the Department at the		
same time as the compliance report is published.		
Condition 6:	N/A	No direction for an independent audit has
Upon the direction of the Minister, the approval holder must ensure that		been received.
an independent audit of compliance with the conditions of approval is		
conducted and a report submitted to the Minister. The independent		
auditor must be approved by the Minister prior to the commencement of		
the audit. Audit criteria must be agreed to by the Minister and the audit		
report must address the criteria to the satisfaction of the Minister.		
Condition 7:	N/A	No requests have been made.
If the Minister believes that it is necessary or convenient for the better		
protection of listed threatened species and ecological communities to do		
so, the Minister may request that the approval holder make specified		
revisions to the management plan specified in condition 2.		
Condition 8:	N/A	Not applicable
If, at any time after five years from the date of this approval, the approval		
holder has not substantially commenced the action, then the approval		
holder must not substantially commence the action without the written		
agreements of the Minister.		

Requirement	Management Actioned	Comments
Condition 9:	Υ	The Ornamental Snake Mitigation and
Unless otherwise agreed to in writing by the Minister, the approval holder		Management Plan Baralaba Train Load Out
must publish all management plans referred to in these conditions of		Facility (2014) remains available on the
approval on their website. Each management plan must be published on		Baralaba website
the website within 1 month of being approved by the Minister and remain		https://www.baralabacoal.com.au/reports/
on the website for the life of the approval.		
Condition 10:	Υ	No indication of non-compliances have been
The approval holder must notify the Department in writing of potential		identified during the current period.
non-compliance with any condition of this approval as soon as practical		
and within no later than ten business days of becoming aware of the		
potential non-compliance. The notice provided to the Department under		
this condition must specify:		
a) the condition which the approval holder has potentially breached;		
b) the nature of the potential non-compliance;		
 c) when and how the approval holder became aware of the non- compliance; 		
d) how the non-compliance will affect the approved action;		
e) how the non-compliance will affect the approved action;		
f) the measures the approval holder will take to address the impacts		
of the non-compliance on the matters of national environmental		
significance and rectify the non-compliance; and		
g) the time by when the approval holder will rectify the non-		
compliance.		

3.1.2 OSMMP Baralaba TLO

Table 2: Listed compliance requirements - OSMMP Baralaba TLO

Project Phase	Mitigation Measure	Mitigation Measure Actioned	Compliance Finding
Operation & Monitoring	Approximately 11 Biocondition monitoring plots will be established	Monitoring was undertaken in	Υ
	within the retained Brigalow vegetation, including high quality and	205, June 2017, April 2020 and	
	medium quality Ornamental Snake habitat areas. Baseline	March 2022.	
	conditions will be collected and monitoring conducted every 2		
	years in the post wet season for a period of at least 15 years.	The next round of monitoring is	
		scheduled for 2024.	
	If Biocondition monitoring indicates that the ecological condition	The March 2022 monitoring	Υ
	of the Brigalow vegetation is not improving additional measures to	event showed some	
	enhance the condition of these areas of vegetation will be	improvement in the condition	
	investigated.	of the Brigalow vegetation.	
	Monitoring of Ornamental Snake presence/abundance and habitat	Habitat condition was assessed	Υ
	usage at the TLO site is to be undertaken on an annual basis during	during the field inspection for	
	optimal detection conditions, i.e. post wet-season. Surveys are to	this report (Appendix).	
	be conducted throughout all high quality and medium quality		
	habitat areas and will include mark-recapture techniques to allow	Ornamental Snake monitoring	
	population analysis and gross movements of snakes between	was completed in March 2022	
	monitoring events to be determined (e.g. from one side of the rail	in accordance with the	
	loop to the other). The method of marking snakes will be	methodology outlined in the	
	determined in consultation with the relevant animal ethics	OSMMP.	
	committee but could include techniques such as branding (Winne		
	et al. 2006) or Passive Integrated Transponder (PIT) tags.		
	Monitoring of installed culverts will be undertaken twice per year	The TLO monthly inspection	Υ
	between October and December and February and April for two	checklist indicates the culverts	
	years following construction and then annually thereafter for a	are inspected regularly.	
	period of 5 years. Monitoring will use infrared cameras at each		
	culvert location if trials show that cameras are effective at		
	detecting snakes. The use of a substrate to maximise temperature		

Project Phase	Mitigation Measure	Mitigation Measure Actioned	Compliance Finding
	differential and increase the detectability of reptiles with infrared	Additional inspections of the	
	cameras (Welbourne 2013). The Rail loop and haul road should be	culverts are completed during	
	checked each morning to search for snakes that may have been	the annual TLO audit.	
	struck by trains or haul trucks to ensure that the exclusion fencing		
	is effective. Monitoring of the use of culverts will be undertaken in		
	conjunction with targeted surveys/monitoring for Ornamental		
	Snake.		
	Where feasible within the operational requirements of the TLO	The area has been wet for a	N/A
	Facility, pulse grazing of Ornamental Snake habitat will be	large portion of the year and it	
	undertaken for short durations in the dry season (generally	has therefore not been	
	between May-September) to assist in weed management. This will	appropriate for any grazing to	
	only be undertaken when gilgai are completely dry to assist in	occur.	
	reducing the cover of exotic pasture grasses. Gilgai areas should		
	not be grazed while gilgai contain water as this can lead to gilgai		
	habitat degradation, e.g. gilgai trampling, water quality impacts.		
	Feral animal monitoring, particularly Cane Toads (Rhinella marina)	The TLO Weed and Pest	Υ
	and Feral Pigs (Sus scrofa), will be undertaken throughout the TLO	Management Plan outlines the	
	Facility. All staff and contractors will be required to report any	responsibilities of TLO	
	sightings or incidences of habitat degradation. Observations and	personnel and visitors including	
	recording numbers of Cane Toads caught will be made during	reporting any sightings of feral	
	Ornamental Snake surveys and monitoring events. Where survey	animals. The TLO induction also	
	or monitoring data indicates potential mortality of Ornamental	outlines this. All pest sightings	
	Snake due to an abundance of Cane Toads, further targeted and	are recorded in the TLO Fauna	
	quantitative monitoring will be considered. Where habitat	Register. Monitoring during the	
	degradation by Feral Pigs is identified during surveys and	2022 BioCondition Assessment	
	monitoring or by staff and contractors, mitigation and	found no Ornamental Snake	
	management actions will be required such as baiting and/or	mortality to have occurred from	
	trapping.	feral species.	
	All retained areas of Brigalow habitat on site will be enhanced	Very few weeds observed	Υ
	through implementation of the Weed Management Plan, including	during this survey.	
	the regular control of exotic grasses and other species.		

Project Phase	Mitigation Measure	Mitigation Measure Actioned	Compliance Finding
	A comprehensive air quality monitoring programme will be implemented for the TLO Facility. This will ensure dust emissions remain within acceptable limits.	Dust monitoring has been undertaken at the TLO since 2018. Dust levels are reviewed monthly to ensure dust remains within acceptable limits.	Υ
	A noise monitoring programme will be implemented for the TLO Facility. Monitoring and management of noise will consider atmospheric conditions, e.g. thermal inversions at night, during operation.	Noise monitoring is undertaken in accordance with the site's Environmental Authority (EPPR02011714).	Y
	Daily water quality monitoring of pH and turbidity will be conducted of stormwater releases from the Sediment Retention Pond and Raw Water Dam during release events.	There were no water releases during 2022.	N/A
Reporting	The results of all pre-clearance surveys, monitoring surveys and rehabilitation monitoring should be documented in stand-alone progress reports and where relevant a final report prepared. All other activities, including spotter/catcher works, injuries and deaths, disturbance to habitats, sightings, rehabilitation works as they relate to the Ornamental Snake are to be recorded in an onsite environmental works diary/register. The following information is to be recorded as a minimum: • Dates, location and description of habitat where Ornamental Snake is identified • Detection methods employed • Number and location of each breeding place identified • A record, including locations of all breeding places or young • Methods of survey or rehabilitation, e.g. targeted, standard or incidental • All incidences of injury or death to Ornamental Snake • Details of any non-compliance with this MMP	Relevant information is maintained in a fauna register. Preclearance reports: Baralaba TLO Preclearance fauna survey and spotter catcher works – October 2014 Baralaba TLO spotter catcher works – December 2014 Fauna Management Report CC1206 Stockyard TLO rail loop – March 2015 Fauna Management Report CC1206 Coal load out facility civil works – October 2015	Y

Project Phase	Mitigation Measure	Mitigation Measure Actioned	Compliance Finding
Corrective Action	If monitoring of culverts indicates that Ornamental Snakes are not moving through the culverts trials will be undertaken to determine if any measures can be implemented to encourage the snakes to use the culverts.	Monitoring of the fauna passages for effectiveness will continue.	Y
	If monitoring activities indicate mitigation and management actions are not effective, trials will be undertaken to determine if any measures can be implemented to improve the effectiveness of this MMP.		
Auditing	Internal audits of all activities will be undertaken on a 6 monthly basis. External auditing will be undertaken annually by a qualified organisation experienced and familiar with the ecology of	External audits completed in 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021 & 2022 have assessed the Ornamental Snake habitat.	Y
	Ornamental Snakes.	BioCondition Assessments completed in 2015, 2017, 2020 & 2022.	

3.2 Mitigation Measures

Sections of the exclusion fencing requires maintenance. Some sections are lying flat or overgrown by grass and in rare instances, the soil has eroded underneath the fence (Figures 3 & 4).



Figure 3: Soil eroded underneath exclusion fencing



Figure 4: Damaged exclusion fencing

The fauna passages have been maintained.



Figure 5: Fauna passage

References

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Australian Government, Department of the Environment 2011, *Draft referral guidelines for the nationally listed Brigalow Belt reptiles*, Canberra

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CQC Consulting 2015, CCL Fauna management report CC1206 – Stockyard TLO rail loop civil works, Brendale, Queensland

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Neldner, V.J., Wilson, B.A., Thompson, E.J. and Dillewaard, H.A. (2019), *Methodology for Survey and Mapping of Regional Ecosystems and Vegetation Communities in Queensland*. Version 5.1. Updated March 2020. Queensland Herbarium, Queensland Department of Environment and Science, Brisbane

Queensland Herbarium (2021), Regioinal Ecosystem Description Database (REDD). Version 12.1 (December 2021), Queensland Department of Environment and Science, Brisbane

Appendix 1 Survey Data Sheets

Date & Time	13/12/2022 0846
Site	01
Observer	В.Торр
Location	-24.54788, 150.01130
North	
East	
South	
West	
Weeds	Nil
Comments	Wet, vegetation in good condition
Comments	Tree, resetution in good condition

Date & Time	13/12/2022 0857
Site	02
Observer	В.Торр
Location	-24.55064, 150.01213
North	
East	
South	
West	
Weeds	None observed
Comments	Wet. Some bare areas of ground.
Comments	wet. Joine Date aleas of ground.

Date & Time	13/12/2022 0914
Site	03
Observer	В.Торр
Location	-24.55243, 150.00702
North	
East	
South	
West	
Weeds	None observed
Comments	Open landscape. Grass cover and growth exceptional
Comments	סאָכוו ומווטטנמאָב. טומטט נטיפו מווע פוטיינוו בגנבאָנוטוומו

Date & Time	13/12/2022 0924
Site	04
Observer	В.Торр
Location	-24.55114, 150.00603
North	
East	
South	
West	
Weeds	None observed
Comments	Dense trees but grass cover still good underneath.
Comments	Dense trees but grass cover still good underneath.

	0.5
Observer	05
Observer	В.Торр
Location -	-24.54883, 150.00883
North	
East	
South	
West	
Weeds	None observed
	Water pooling in the gilgai following overnight rainfall. The trees are in good
	condition as is the grass underneath.